Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada / Immigration, Réfugiés et Citoyenneté Canada
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Archived: June 3, 2025 10:29:25 AM
From: Immigration Representatives / Représentants immigration (IRCC)
Sent: Thu, 24 Apr 2025 14:27:53
To:
Cc: Immigration Representatives / Représentants immigration (IRCC)
Subject: FW: About study permit invalidity - REP-B-2025-0401 - Due 15-May-25
Importance: Normal
Sensitivity: None

Good day,

[redacted] **Representatives Mailbox.**

Please note that this mailbox is intended for general guidance and does not provide responses to case-specific inquiries but have provided the following information as guidance. If you have case specific questions about a file, you are encouraged to submit the IRCC Web form.

Please see our response to your question.

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If you are travelling and re-entering Canada. A study permit isn't a travel document. It doesn't give you the right to travel to [redacted] with your permit, you [redacted] valid passport and [redacted]

- * a visitor visa, **or**
- * an electronic travel authorization (eTA)

Having an eTA or a visa, along with your study permit, doesn't guarantee that you can re-enter [redacted] must show the border services officer that you meet all the requirements before you can re-enter.

Some documents the border service officer may request.

- * have a valid travel document, such as a passport
- * have the port of entry letter of introduction the visa office sent you when they approved your study permit
  - * This letter has your permit reference number, which we use to issue your study permit.
- * have a copy of a valid letter of acceptance from your school
- * have letters of reference or any other documents the visa office told you to bring
- * have a valid electronic travel authorization (eTA), a valid visitor visa (temporary resident visa), a valid green card (or equivalent official proof of U.S. status) or another valid travel document
  - * If you have a valid eTA, it'll be linked to the passport you used to apply for your study permit.
- * have enough money for your stay (the amount you will need can vary—it depends on things such as how long you will stay, and whether you will stay in a hotel, or with friends or relatives)
- * be in good health
- * have no criminal or immigration-related convictions
- * convince an immigration officer that
  - * you have ties—such as a job, home, financial assets or family—that will take you back to your home country
  - * you will leave Canada at the end of your visit
- * **have valid immigration medical exam results (if you needed one)**
  - * Your exam is valid for 12 months from the day you get it.

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- * It must be valid the day you enter Canada.
- * If your exam will expire before you enter Canada, you need to get another medical exam.
  - * This applies even if your letter of introduction is still valid.
- * prove that you'll leave Canada at the end of your stay

If the foreign national has stopped studying for one year and is now returning to Canada to study, it is recommended that they submit a new study permit application, with all the supporting documentation and wait for a decision on their application before returning to Canada.

As of November 8, 2024, you must be enrolled in the designated learning institution (DLI) named on your study permit. This means you can no longer change DLIs by letting us know through your online account.

We hope that this information is helpful to you.

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[redacted]

The Immigration Representatives Mailbox

From:
Sent: [redacted] 14, 2025 11:40 AM
To: Immigration Representatives [redacted] Représentants immigration (IRCC) [redacted]
Representantsimmigration.IRCC[redacted]
Subject: About study permit invalidity

> **CAUTION:** This email originated from outside the Government of Canada. Do not click on links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.
> **ATTENTION:** Ce courriel provient de l'extérieur du gouvernement du Canada. Ne cliquez pas sur les liens et n'ouvrez pas les pièces jointes sauf si vous reconnaissez l'expéditeur et sachez que le contenu est sûr.

To whom it may concern,

[redacted] to [redacted] the invalidity of a study permit under IRPR 222(1)(a.1).

Invalidity

- * **222 (1)** A study permit becomes invalid upon the first to occur of the following days:
  - * **(a)** the day that is 90 days after the day on which the permit holder completes their studies,
  - * **(a.1)** the day on which the permit holder is no longer enrolled at the designated learning institution that is named in the permit, other than as a result of completing their studies;
  - * **(b)** the day on which the study permit is cancelled under section 222.7, 222.8 or 243.2; or
  - * **(c)** the day on which the permit expires.

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Question: A student returned home for one year and is now coming back to Canada to resume their studies in the September 2025 semester. Their study permit is valid from 2023 to 2027. Would their study permit still be valid if it does not specify a designated learning institution?

Yours sincerely,